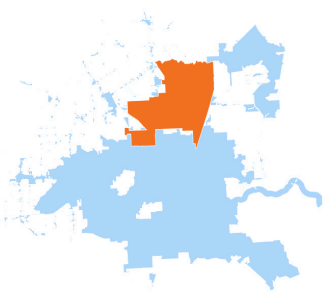
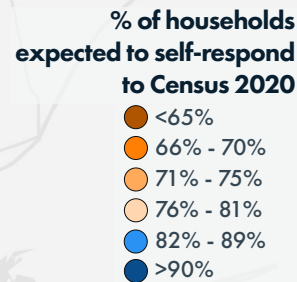




Over \$40 million is at risk if 1% of Aldine ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Aldine ISD

AT A GLANCE...

418,565 people live in the **126,958** households and **185** census block groups that make up Aldine ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **3%** Asian, **27%** Black/African American, **58%** Hispanic/LatinX, **11%** Non-Hispanic White, and **1%** other groups.

Children: **10%** of residents are under 5 and **10%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **48%** of residents are renters and **15%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **20%** of residents are not US citizens, **23%** in households with limited English proficiency, **27%** have no internet access, and **25%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **75%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **72%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

35,922 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Linguistically isolated households (23%), Persons in poverty (25%), Single-mother households (31%), Children under 5 (10%), No internet access (27%).

Undercount risk ranking: #1 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

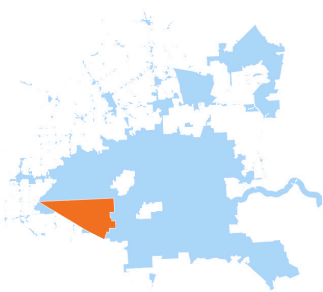
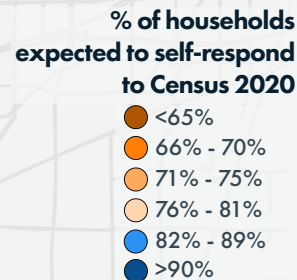
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$40 million is at risk if 1% of Alief ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Alief ISD

AT A GLANCE...

364,623 people live in the **127,287** households and **164** census block groups that make up Alief ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **17%** Asian, **24%** Black/African American, **42%** Hispanic/LatinX, **15%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **11%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **63%** of residents are renters and **21%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **27%** of residents are not US citizens, **19%** in households with limited English proficiency, **19%** have no internet access, and **22%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **71%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **72%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

35,203 households are at risk of not being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Renters (63%), High mobility households (21%), Non-citizens (27%), Asian communities (17%), Linguistically isolated households (19%).

Undercount risk ranking: #2 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

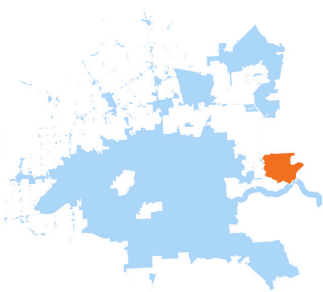
Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$5 million is at risk if 1% of Channelview ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.

% of households expected to self-respond to Census 2020

- <65%
- 66% - 70%
- 71% - 75%
- 76% - 81%
- 82% - 89%
- >90%



Channelview ISD

AT A GLANCE...

54,766 people live in the **16,777** households and **24** census block groups that make up Channelview ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **15%** Black/African American, **60%** Hispanic/LatinX, **22%** Non-Hispanic White, and **1%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **11%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **33%** of residents are renters and **13%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **18%** of residents are not US citizens, **12%** in households with limited English proficiency, **19%** have no internet access, and **18%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **77%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **77%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

3,940 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Latinx/Hispanics (60%), No high school degree (29%), Young Adults 18-24 (11%), Single-mother households (24%), Persons in poverty (18%).

Undercount risk ranking: #8 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

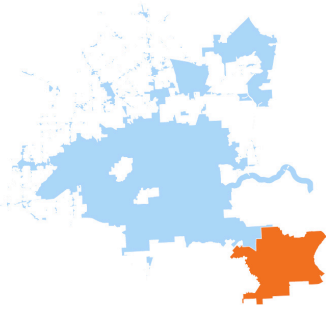
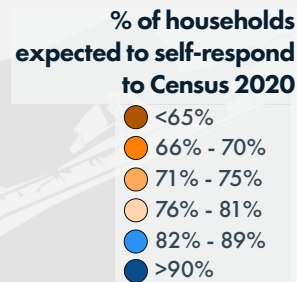
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$30 million is at risk if 1% of Clear Creek ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Clear Creek ISD

AT A GLANCE...

300,979 people live in the **110,359** households and **127** census block groups that make up Clear Creek ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **8%** Asian, **8%** Black/African American, **22%** Hispanic/LatinX, **59%** Non-Hispanic White, and **3%** other groups.

Children: **7%** of residents are under 5 and **9%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **34%** of residents are renters and **16%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **7%** of residents are not US citizens, **4%** in households with limited English proficiency, **8%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **82%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **above average for** the US (81%).

20,199 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: High mobility households (16%), Asian communities (8%), Young Adults 18-24 (9%).

Undercount risk ranking: #20 out of 22 area districts.

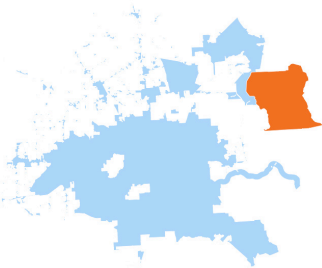
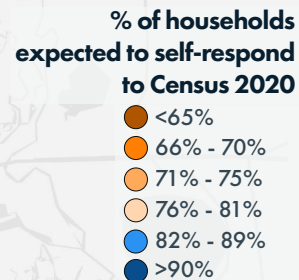
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$5 million is at risk if 1% of Crosby ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Crosby ISD

AT A GLANCE...

73,516 people live in the **23,632** households and **24** census block groups that make up Crosby ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **15%** Black/African American, **31%** Hispanic/LatinX, **50%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **7%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **19%** of residents are renters and **12%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **7%** of residents are not US citizens, **4%** in households with limited English proficiency, **15%** have no internet access, and **11%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **80%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

4,787 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Children under 5 (8%), No internet access (15%).

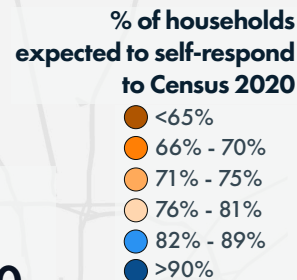
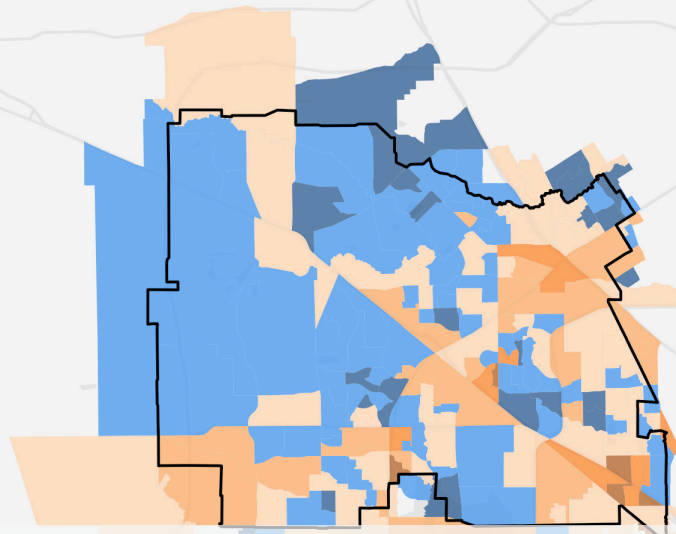
Undercount risk ranking: #11 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

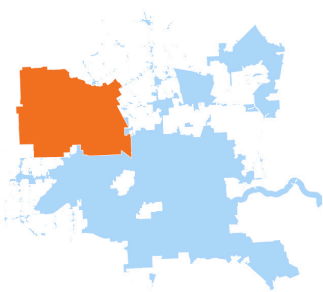
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$70 million is at risk if 1% of Cypress-Fairbanks ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Cypress-Fairbanks ISD

AT A GLANCE...

673,336 people live in the **223,641** households and **208** census block groups that make up Cypress-Fairbanks ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **10%** Asian, **14%** Black/African American, **34%** Hispanic/LatinX, **40%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **7%** of residents are under 5 and **9%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **32%** of residents are renters and **13%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **13%** of residents are not US citizens, **7%** in households with limited English proficiency, **10%** have no internet access, and **10%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **80%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

43,949 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Asian communities (10%).

Undercount risk ranking: #13 out of 22 area districts.

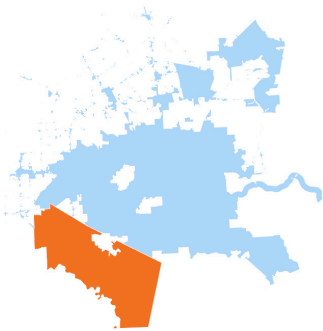
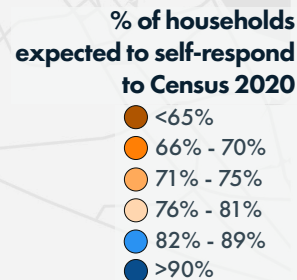
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$60 million is at risk if 1% of Fort Bend ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Fort Bend ISD

AT A GLANCE...

573,262 people live in the **178,423** households and **175** census block groups that make up Fort Bend ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **21%** Asian, **26%** Black/African American, **23%** Hispanic/LatinX, **28%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **7%** of residents are under 5 and **9%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **23%** of residents are renters and **11%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **13%** of residents are not US citizens, **7%** in households with limited English proficiency, **7%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **81%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (81%).

33,284 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Asian communities (21%), Black/African Americans (26%).

Undercount risk ranking: #18 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

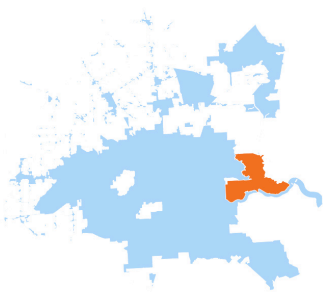
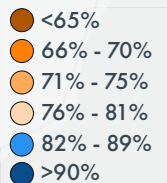
If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$10 million is at risk if 1% of Galena Park ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.

% of households expected to self-respond to Census 2020



Galena Park ISD

AT A GLANCE...

133,187 people live in the **40,265** households and **63** census block groups that make up Galena Park ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **19%** Black/African American, **66%** Hispanic/LatinX, **13%** Non-Hispanic White, and **1%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **12%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **42%** of residents are renters and **14%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **20%** of residents are not US citizens, **15%** in households with limited English proficiency, **25%** have no internet access, and **21%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **74%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

10,649 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: No high school degree (34%), Latinx/Hispanics (66%), Young Adults 18-24 (12%), No internet access (25%), Persons in poverty (21%).

Undercount risk ranking: #3 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

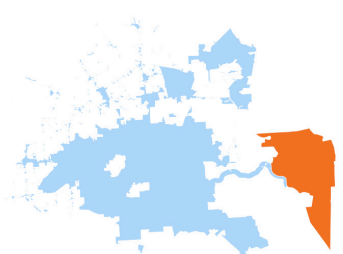
If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$10 million is at risk if 1% of **Goose Creek CISD** residents are missed in Census 2020.

% of households expected to self-respond to Census 2020

- <65%
- 66% - 70%
- 71% - 75%
- 76% - 81%
- 82% - 89%
- >90%



Goose Creek CISD

AT A GLANCE...

126,337 people live in the **42,326** households and **71** census block groups that make up Goose Creek CISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **16%** Black/African American, **42%** Hispanic/LatinX, **39%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **10%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **37%** of residents are renters and **18%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **12%** of residents are not US citizens, **8%** in households with limited English proficiency, **20%** have no internet access, and **16%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **77%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **77%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

9,734 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: High mobility households (18%), No internet access (20%), Children under 5 (8%), No high school degree (22%), Persons in poverty (16%).

Undercount risk ranking: #9 out of 22 area districts.

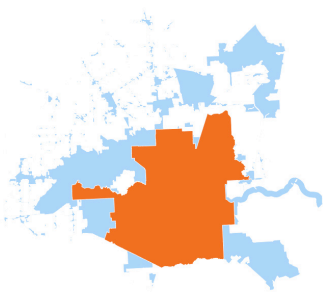
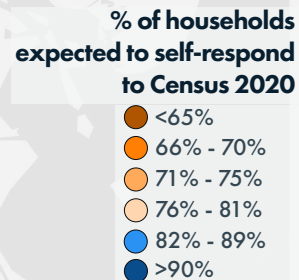
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$190 million is at risk if 1% of Houston ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Houston ISD

AT A GLANCE...

1,697,609 people live in the **638,688** households and **1035** census block groups that make up Houston ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **6%** Asian, **24%** Black/African American, **43%** Hispanic/LatinX, **25%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **10%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **54%** of residents are renters and **18%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **20%** of residents are not US citizens, **14%** in households with limited English proficiency, **24%** have no internet access, and **22%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **76%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **similar to** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **74%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

164,118 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Renters (54%), No internet access (24%), Persons in poverty (22%), High mobility households (18%), Single-mother households (26%).

Undercount risk ranking: #4 out of 22 area districts.

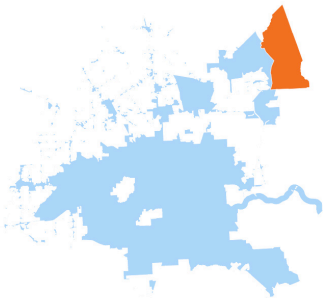
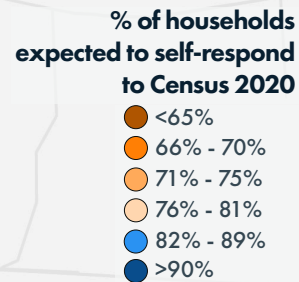
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$5 million is at risk if 1% of Huffman ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Huffman ISD

AT A GLANCE...

63,575 people live in the **20,933** households and **19** census block groups that make up Huffman ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **10%** Black/African American, **22%** Hispanic/LatinX, **64%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **7%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **21%** of residents are renters and **14%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **5%** of residents are not US citizens, **2%** in households with limited English proficiency, **9%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **80%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **above average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **81%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (81%).

3,957 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Children under 5 (8%), High mobility households (14%).

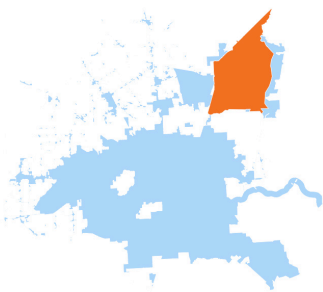
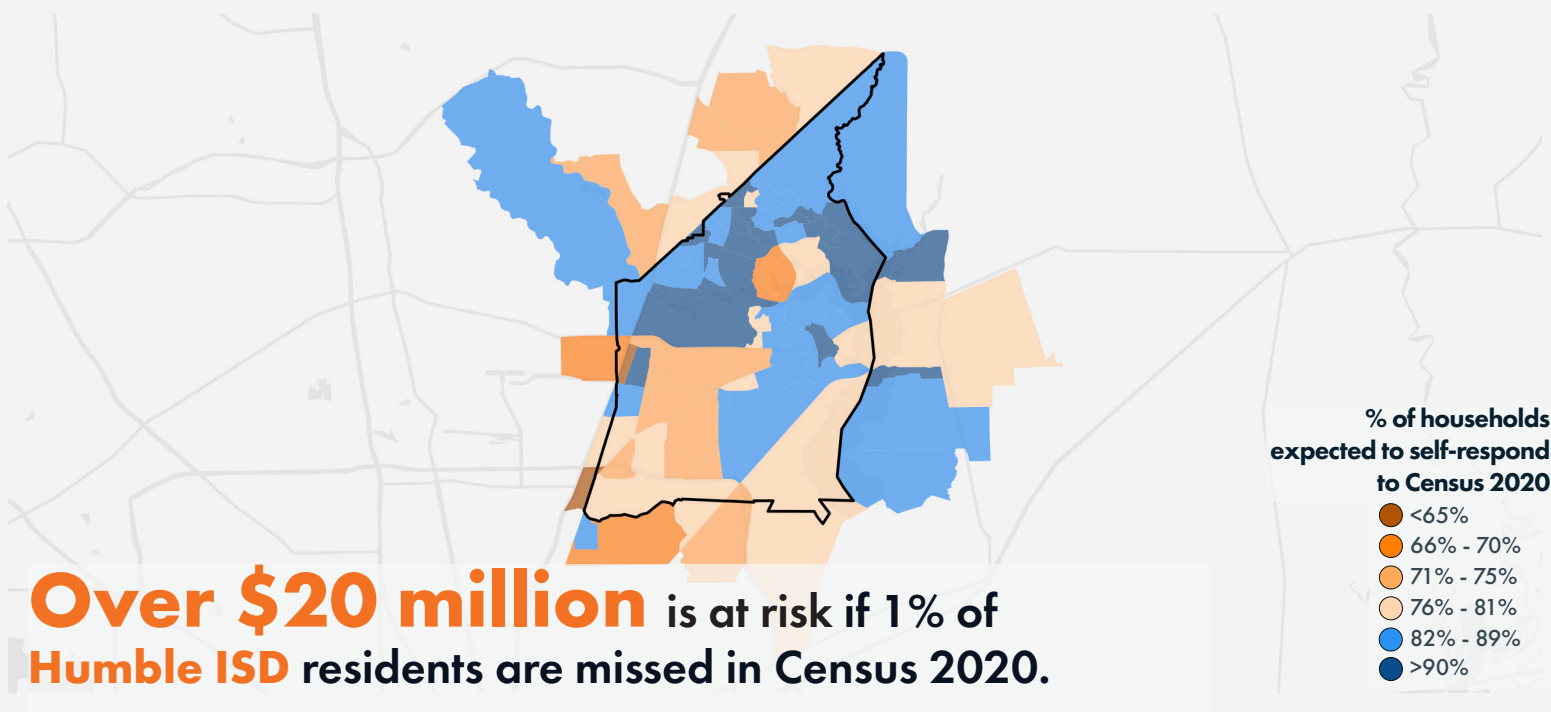
Undercount risk ranking: #17 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Humble ISD

AT A GLANCE...

246,616 people live in the **83,316** households and **85** census block groups that make up Humble ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **3%** Asian, **17%** Black/African American, **25%** Hispanic/LatinX, **53%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **7%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **29%** of residents are renters and **16%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **7%** of residents are not US citizens, **4%** in households with limited English proficiency, **9%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **81%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (81%).

15,484 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: High mobility households (16%), Black/African Americans (17%).

Undercount risk ranking: #19 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

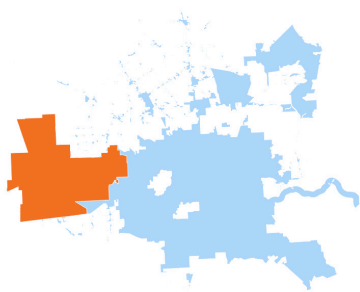
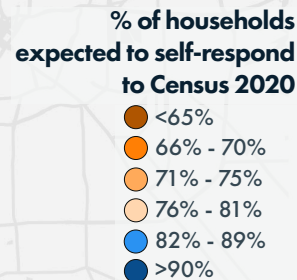
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$50 million is at risk if 1% of Katy ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Katy ISD

AT A GLANCE...

474,930 people live in the **153,677** households and **105** census block groups that make up Katy ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **13%** Asian, **13%** Black/African American, **28%** Hispanic/LatinX, **44%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **28%** of residents are renters and **15%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **16%** of residents are not US citizens, **5%** in households with limited English proficiency, **7%** have no internet access, and **6%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **77%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **81%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (81%).

29,628 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Asian communities (13%), Non-citizens (16%), Children under 5 (8%), High mobility households (15%).

Undercount risk ranking: #15 out of 22 area districts.

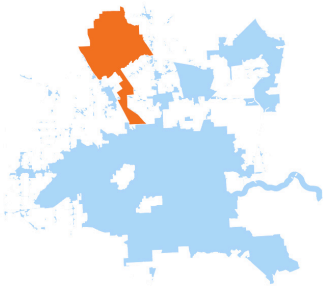
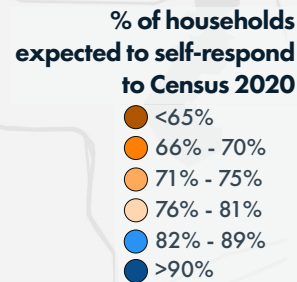
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$40 million is at risk if 1% of Klein ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Klein ISD

AT A GLANCE...

391,059 people live in the **128,836** households and **128** census block groups that make up Klein ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **8%** Asian, **14%** Black/African American, **30%** Hispanic/LatinX, **44%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **30%** of residents are renters and **14%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **11%** of residents are not US citizens, **9%** in households with limited English proficiency, **11%** have no internet access, and **10%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **80%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

25,150 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Asian communities (8%), Linguistically isolated households (9%).

Undercount risk ranking: #14 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

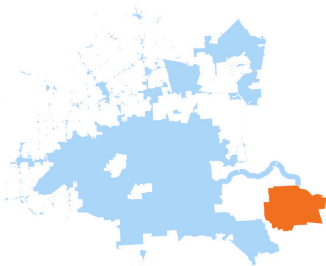
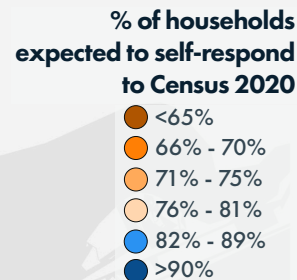
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$5 million is at risk if 1% of
La Porte ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



La Porte ISD

AT A GLANCE...

65,837 people live in the **22,947** households and **36** census block groups that make up La Porte ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **4%** Black/African American, **31%** Hispanic/LatinX, **61%** Non-Hispanic White, and **3%** other groups.

Children: **6%** of residents are under 5 and **9%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **24%** of residents are renters and **15%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **5%** of residents are not US citizens, **3%** in households with limited English proficiency, **11%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **83%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **above average for** the US (81%).

3,972 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Young Adults 18-24 (9%).

Undercount risk ranking: #21 out of 22 area districts.

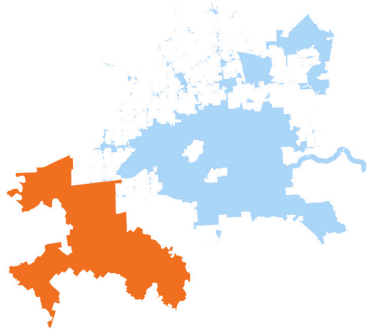
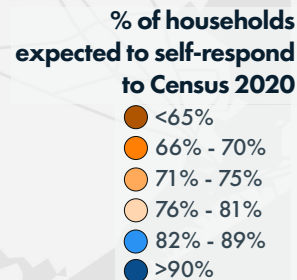
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$30 million is at risk if 1% of Lamar CISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Lamar CISD

AT A GLANCE...

268,138 people live in the **83,095** households and **74** census block groups that make up Lamar CISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **13%** Asian, **15%** Black/African American, **29%** Hispanic/LatinX, **42%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **20%** of residents are renters and **12%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **10%** of residents are not US citizens, **5%** in households with limited English proficiency, **12%** have no internet access, and **9%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **81%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (81%).

15,723 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Asian communities (13%), Children under 5 (8%).

Undercount risk ranking: #16 out of 22 area districts.

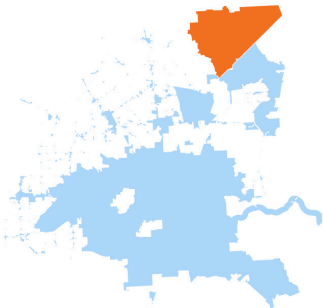
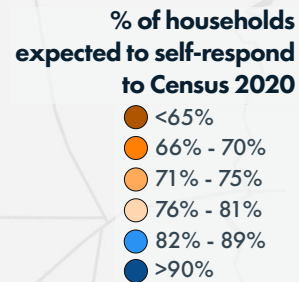
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$10 million is at risk if 1% of **New Caney ISD** residents are missed in **Census 2020**.



New Caney ISD

AT A GLANCE...

112,491 people live in the **37,375** households and **37** census block groups that make up New Caney ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **2%** Asian, **3%** Black/African American, **28%** Hispanic/LatinX, **65%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **8%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **26%** of residents are renters and **13%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **8%** of residents are not US citizens, **4%** in households with limited English proficiency, **14%** have no internet access, and **14%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **78%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **80%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

7,434 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Persons in poverty (14%).

Undercount risk ranking: #12 out of 22 area districts.

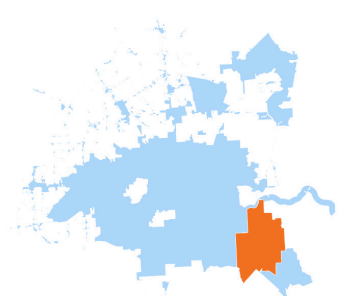
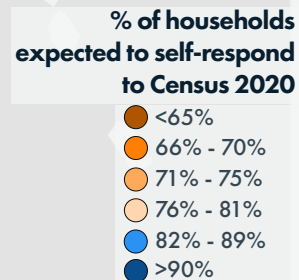
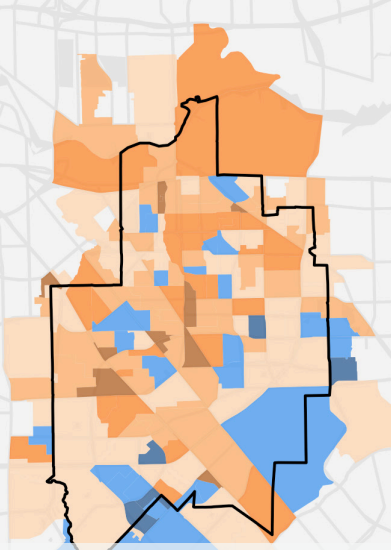
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$30 million is at risk if 1% of Pasadena ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Pasadena ISD

AT A GLANCE...

332,912 people live in the **104,841** households and **165** census block groups that make up Pasadena ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **5%** Asian, **9%** Black/African American, **65%** Hispanic/LatinX, **21%** Non-Hispanic White, and **1%** other groups.

Children: **9%** of residents are under 5 and **11%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **45%** of residents are renters and **18%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **19%** of residents are not US citizens, **12%** in households with limited English proficiency, **20%** have no internet access, and **18%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **77%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **75%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

26,135 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Latinx/Hispanics (65%), Young Adults 18-24 (11%), No high school degree (28%), High mobility households (18%), Children under 5 (9%).

Undercount risk ranking: #5 out of 22 area districts.

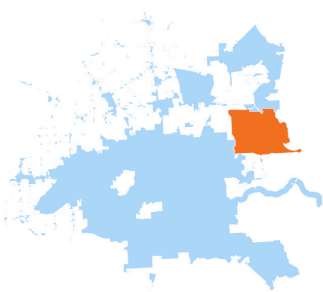
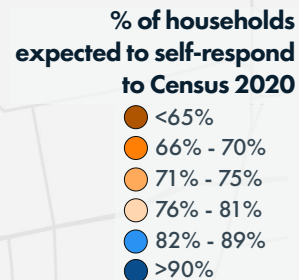
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$10 million is at risk if 1% of Sheldon ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Sheldon ISD

AT A GLANCE...

89,882 people live in the **28,058** households and **26** census block groups that make up Sheldon ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **3%** Asian, **26%** Black/African American, **42%** Hispanic/LatinX, **27%** Non-Hispanic White, and **1%** other groups.

Children: **9%** of residents are under 5 and **9%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **29%** of residents are renters and **13%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **13%** of residents are not US citizens, **8%** in households with limited English proficiency, **16%** have no internet access, and **13%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **76%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **similar to** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

6,788 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Black/African Americans (26%), Children under 5 (9%), Latinx/Hispanics (42%), Single-mother households (21%), No high school degree (19%).

Undercount risk ranking: #7 out of 22 area districts.

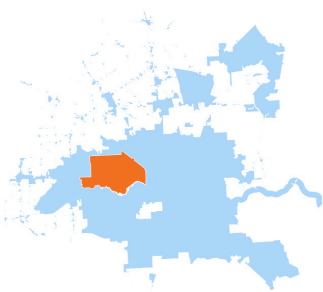
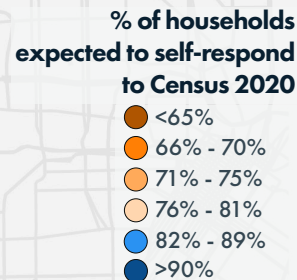
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$20 million is at risk if 1% of Spring Branch ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Spring Branch ISD

AT A GLANCE...

226,965 people live in the **82,436** households and **131** census block groups that make up Spring Branch ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **8%** Asian, **5%** Black/African American, **41%** Hispanic/LatinX, **44%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **7%** of residents are under 5 and **8%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **46%** of residents are renters and **18%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **23%** of residents are not US citizens, **13%** in households with limited English proficiency, **14%** have no internet access, and **16%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **79%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **similar to** the US (79%).

In 2020, **78%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

17,951 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Non-citizens (23%), High mobility households (18%), Renters (46%), Linguistically isolated households (13%), Persons in poverty (16%).

Undercount risk ranking: #10 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

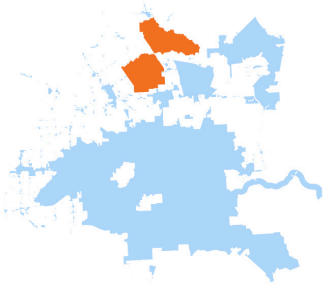
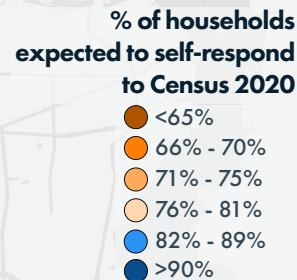
The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.



Over \$30 million is at risk if 1% of Spring ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Spring ISD

AT A GLANCE...

299,092 people live in the **100,064** households and **104** census block groups that make up Spring ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **5%** Asian, **30%** Black/African American, **35%** Hispanic/LatinX, **27%** Non-Hispanic White, and **3%** other groups.

Children: **9%** of residents are under 5 and **10%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **46%** of residents are renters and **17%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **12%** of residents are not US citizens, **10%** in households with limited English proficiency, **16%** have no internet access, and **15%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **72%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **75%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **below average for** Houston (76%) and **below average for** the US (81%).

24,629 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Black/African Americans (30%), Single-mother households (26%), Renters (46%), Children under 5 (9%), Young Adults 18-24 (10%).

Undercount risk ranking: #6 out of 22 area districts.

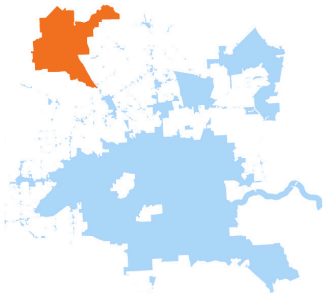
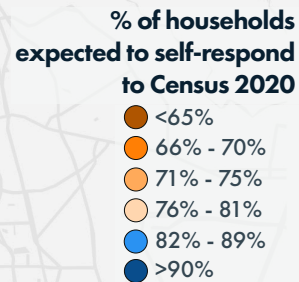
COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.

Over \$10 million is at risk if 1% of Tomball ISD residents are missed in Census 2020.



Tomball ISD

AT A GLANCE...

164,537 people live in the **53,701** households and **40** census block groups that make up Tomball ISD.

Race-ethnicity: Residents are **5%** Asian, **5%** Black/African American, **23%** Hispanic/LatinX, **64%** Non-Hispanic White, and **2%** other groups.

Children: **9%** of residents are under 5 and **7%** are young adults ages 18-24.

Housing: **22%** of residents are renters and **14%** of households moved at least once in the past five years.

Vulnerability: **8%** of residents are not US citizens, **4%** in households with limited English proficiency, **7%** have no internet access, and **10%** live below poverty line.

RISK OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The fewer people who self-respond to the Census, the higher the risk of an undercount.

In 2010, **80%** of households in this area self-responded to the census, which was **above average for** Houston (76%) and **above average for** the US (79%).

In 2020, **83%** of households in this area are expected to self-respond, which is **above average for** Houston (76%) and **above average for** the US (81%).

9,231 households are at risk of **not** being counted.

Compared with other school zones, **key undercount groups** are: Children under 5 (9%).

Undercount risk ranking: #22 out of 22 area districts.

COST OF AN UNDERCOUNT

The Census determines Federal funding levels for vital government services, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), as well as important school-related programs like the National School Lunch Program.

If even 1% of Texas residents are missed in Census 2020, the state could lose hundreds of millions of dollars over the next ten years in funding for social service and infrastructure programs.

Methodology: Data on demographics and self-response rates come from Census Bureau's 2018 Planning Database (<https://bit.ly/2JQoX0q>). Projected losses in funding come from George Washington University's 2018 *Counting For Dollars* study (<https://bit.ly/2pJmgkr>). All estimates reflect residents in block groups fully and partially within each district.